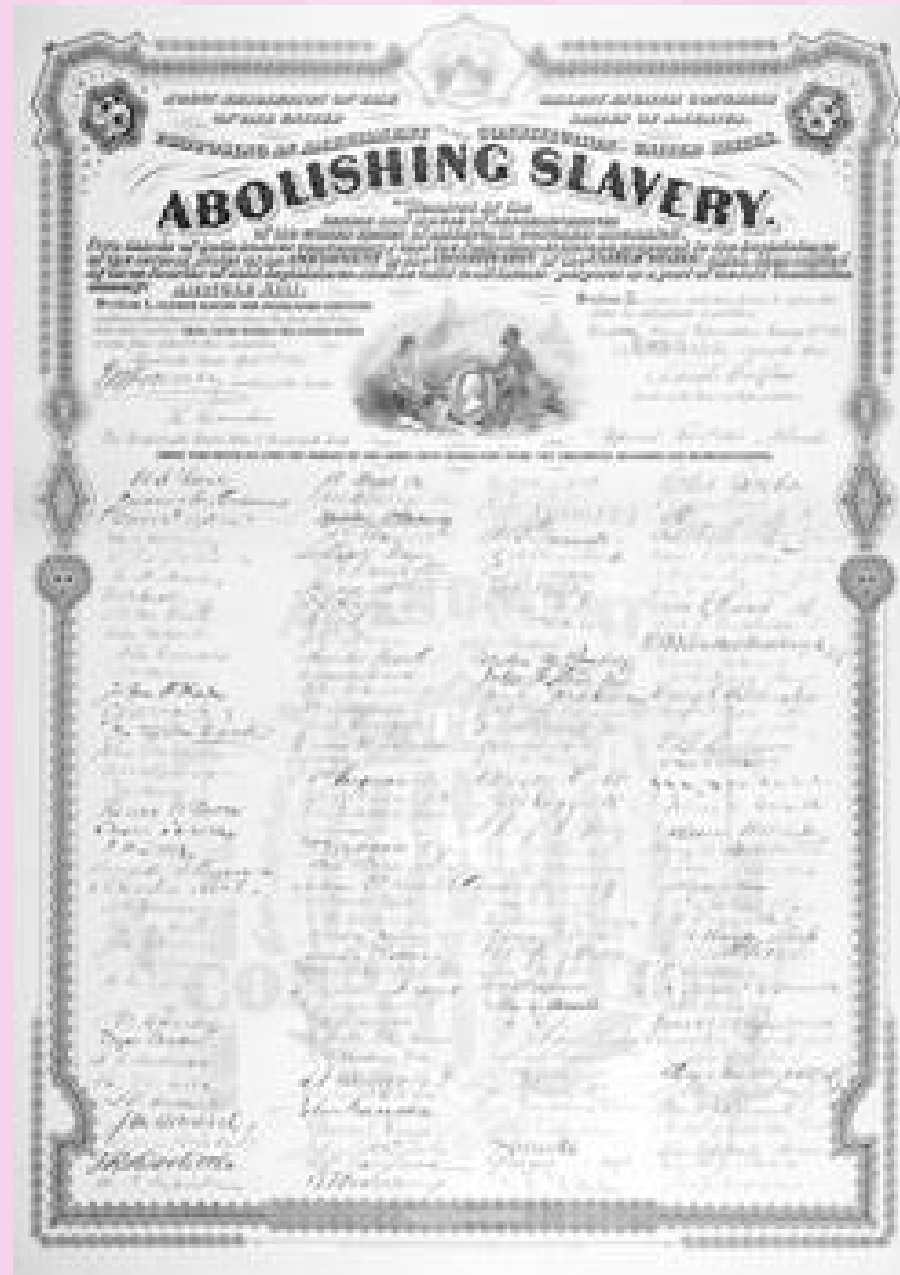




The Faces Of Reconstruction

By: Matti Chrisman
Period: 8





The 13th ammendment abolished slavery after the Civil War.



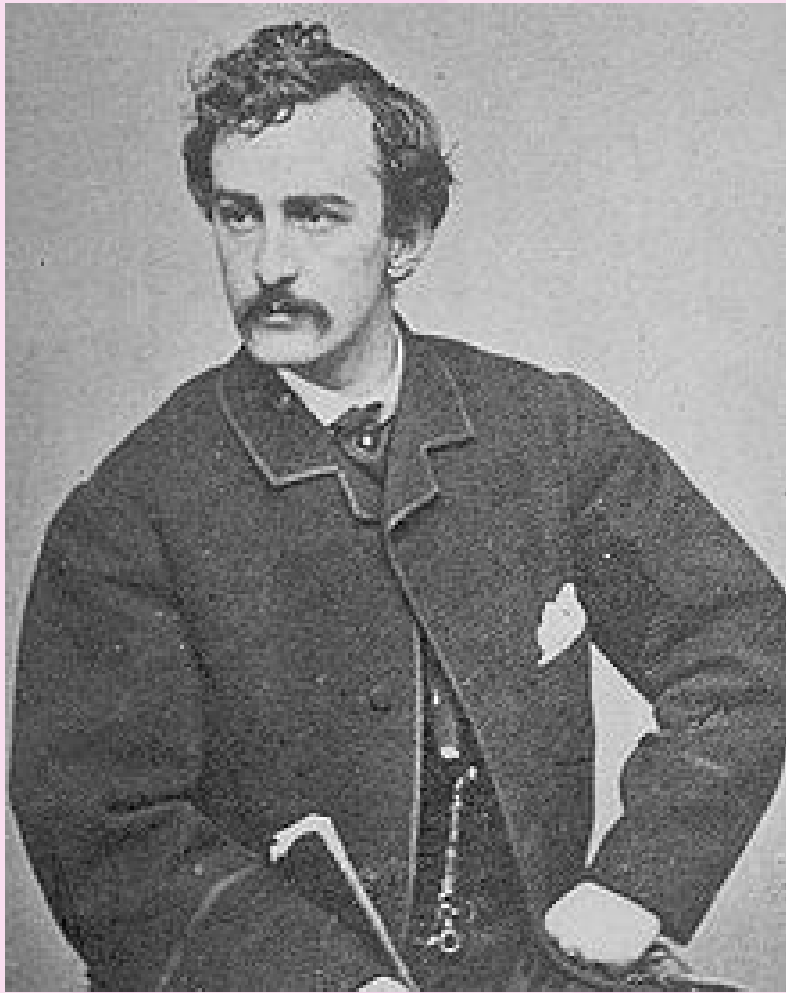
President Lincoln reading over the Emancipation Proclamation with his cabinet in 1863.





President Lincoln died on April 14, 1865. He was shot by John Wilkes Booth during a play.

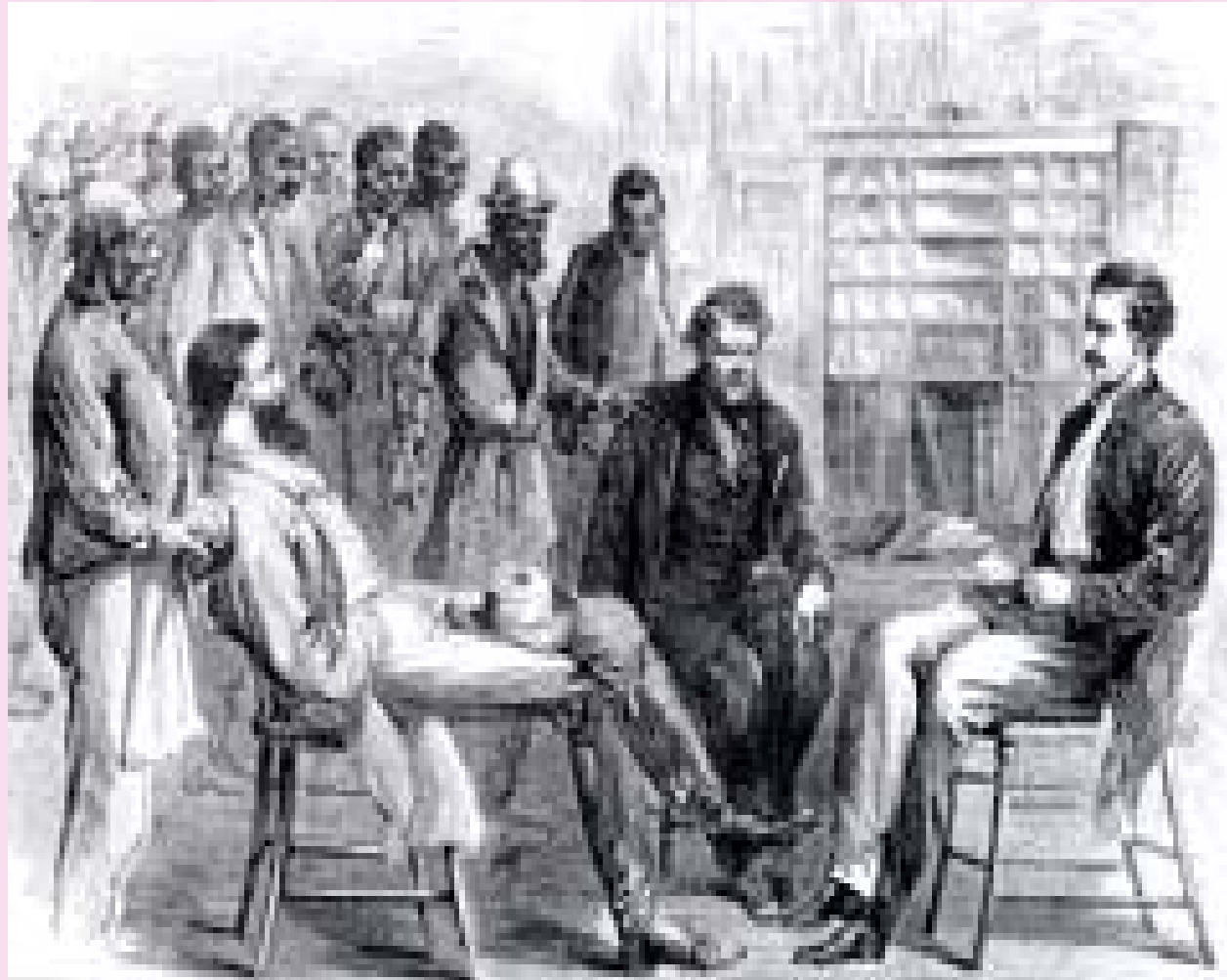




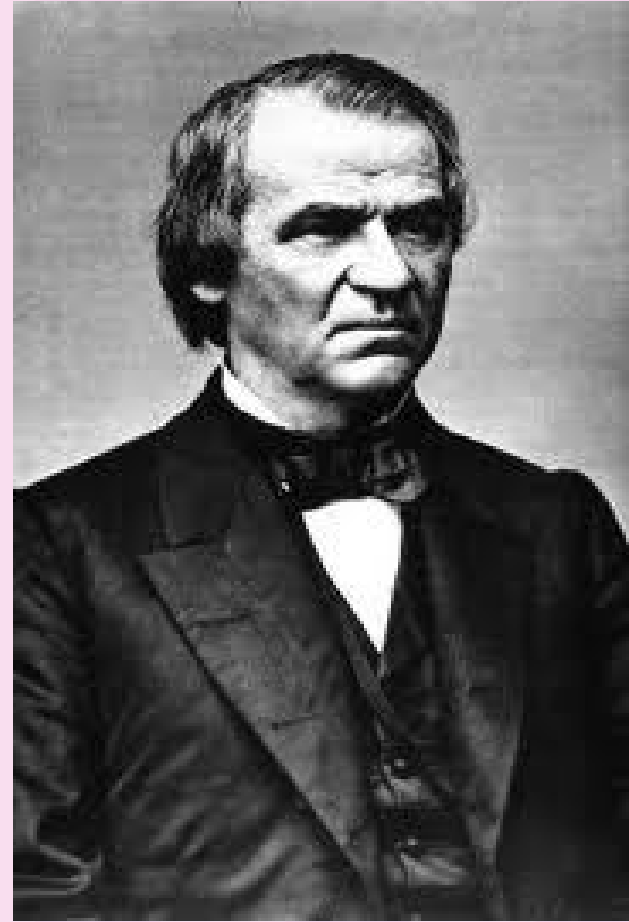
John Wilkes Booth shot President Lincoln.
Afterwards, he said "sic semper" meaning thus
always tyrant.



A .22 caliber Derringer pistol was used to assassinate President Lincoln.



The office of the Freedmen's Bureau in Memphis,
Tennessee.



President Johnson took over after Lincoln's death.



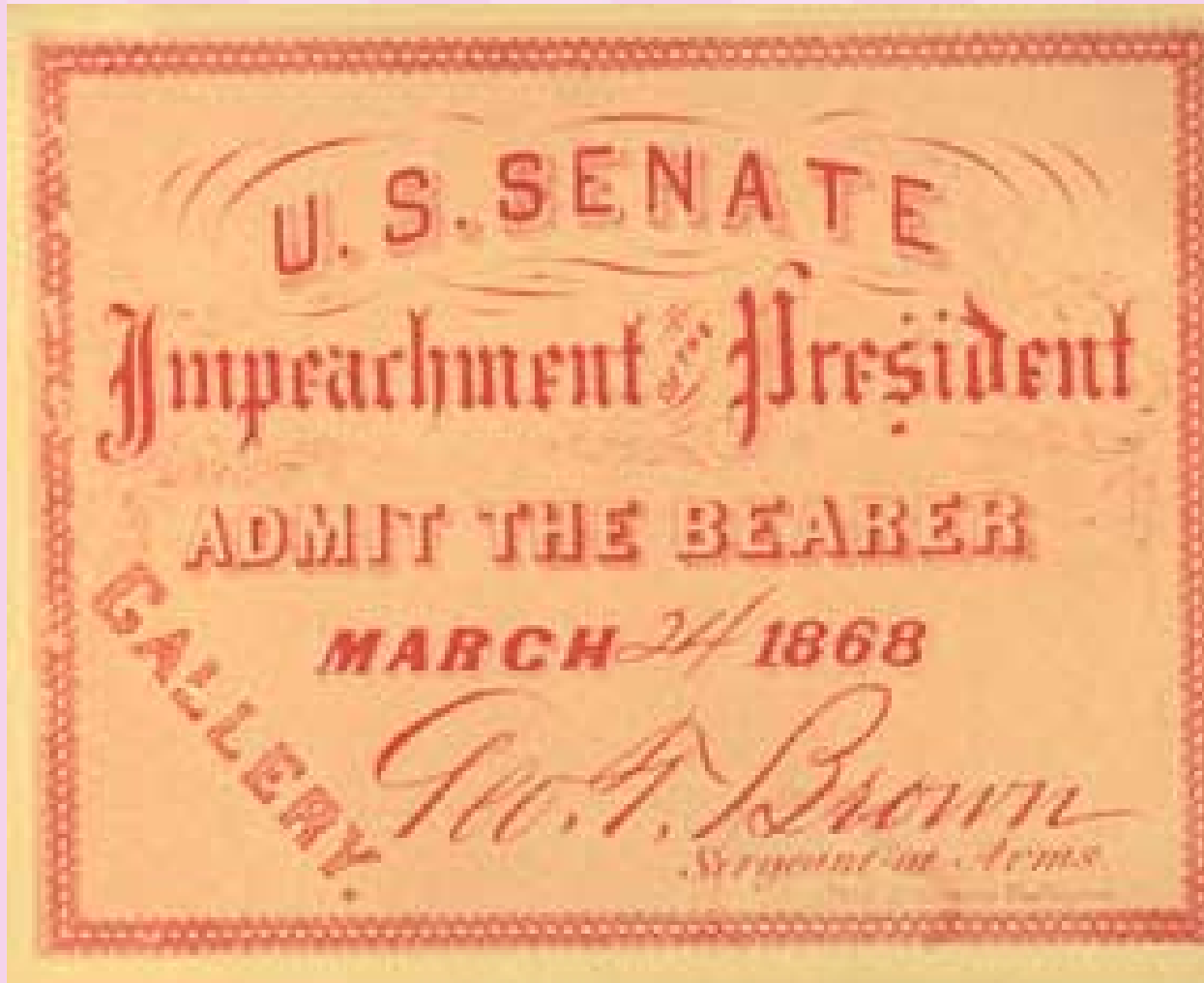


Many felt that President Johnson tried to act more like a king rather than a presidential leader.

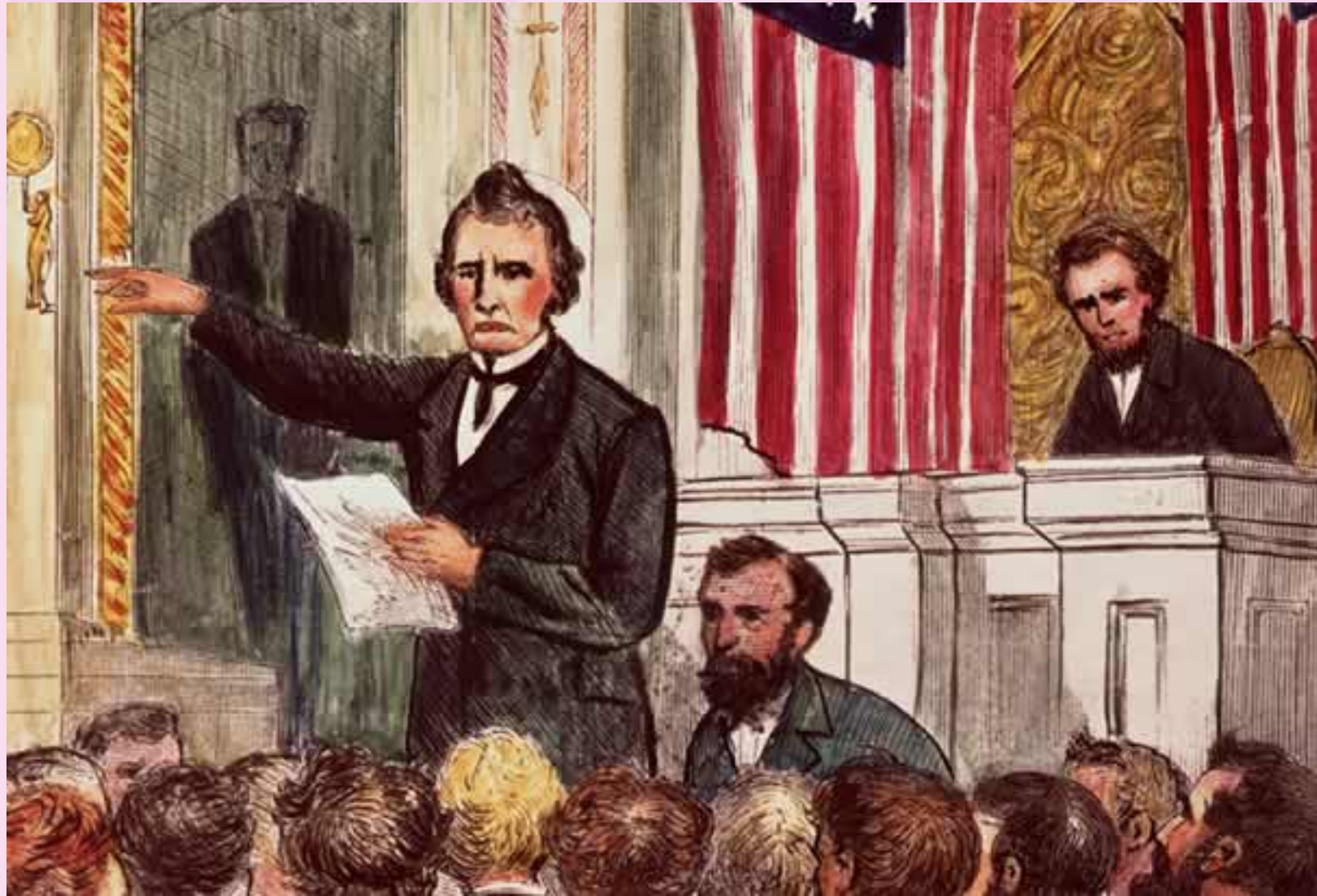


Johnson is impeached by the House of Representatives but fell one vote short in the senate.





This is what a ticket to the trial of the impeachment of Johnson may have looked like.



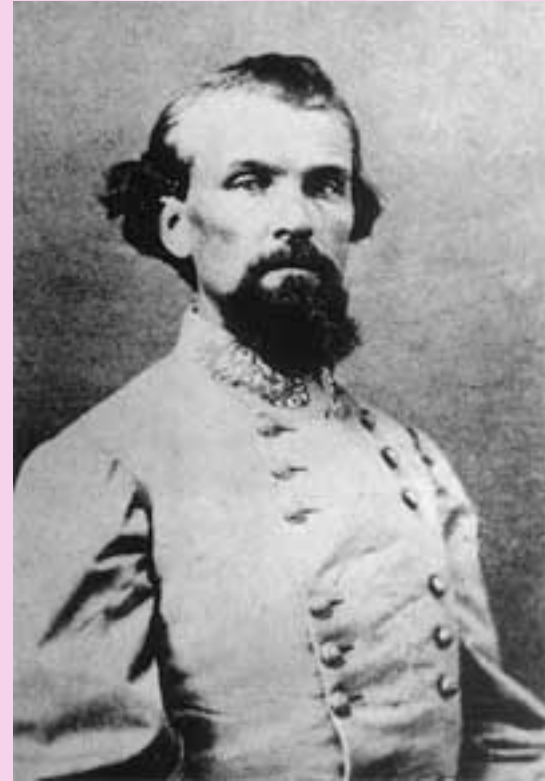
Thaddeus Stevens pushed for the impeachment in the House of Representatives.



The Ku Klux Klan was a social club. They wore disguises, white hoods, and robes. Above is a KKK member in Mississippi in 1871.



The flag of the Ku Klux Klan.



The first leader of the KKK, Nathan Bedford Forrest. Also known as the Imperial Wizard.





This is something that the
Ku Klux Klan may have
wore.



A gathering of the Ku
Klux Kaln which started
in Tennessee in 1866.

