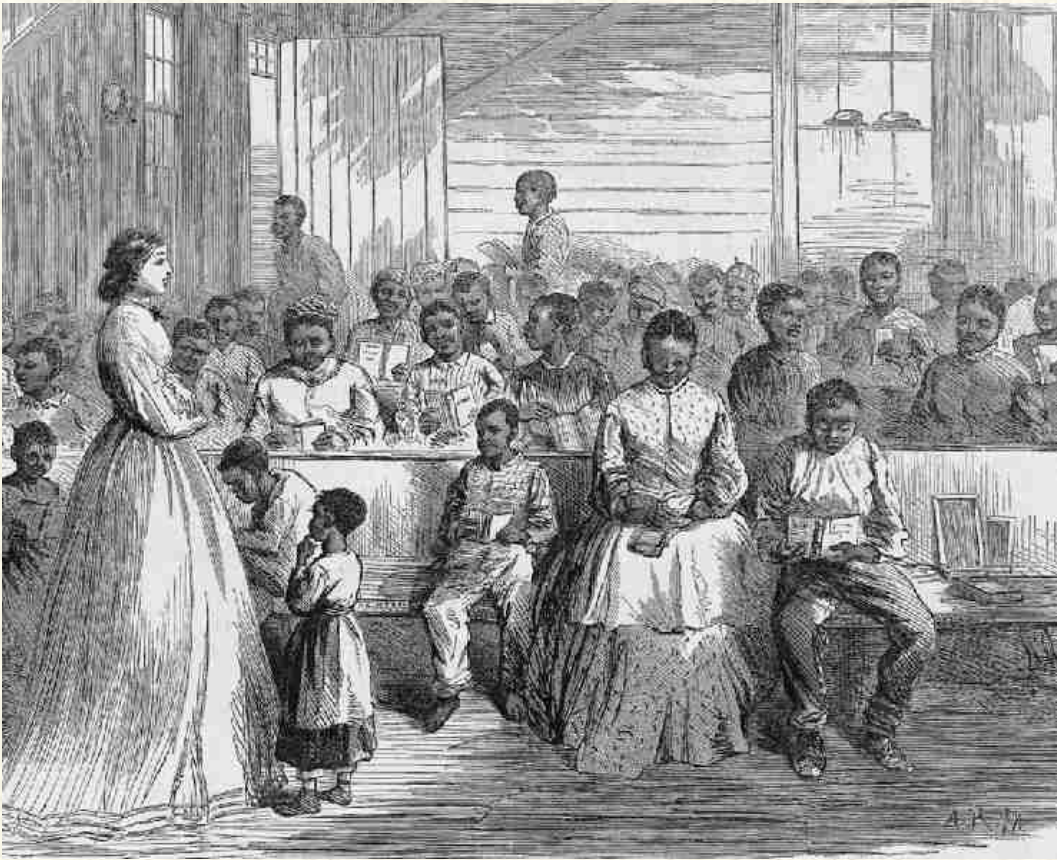


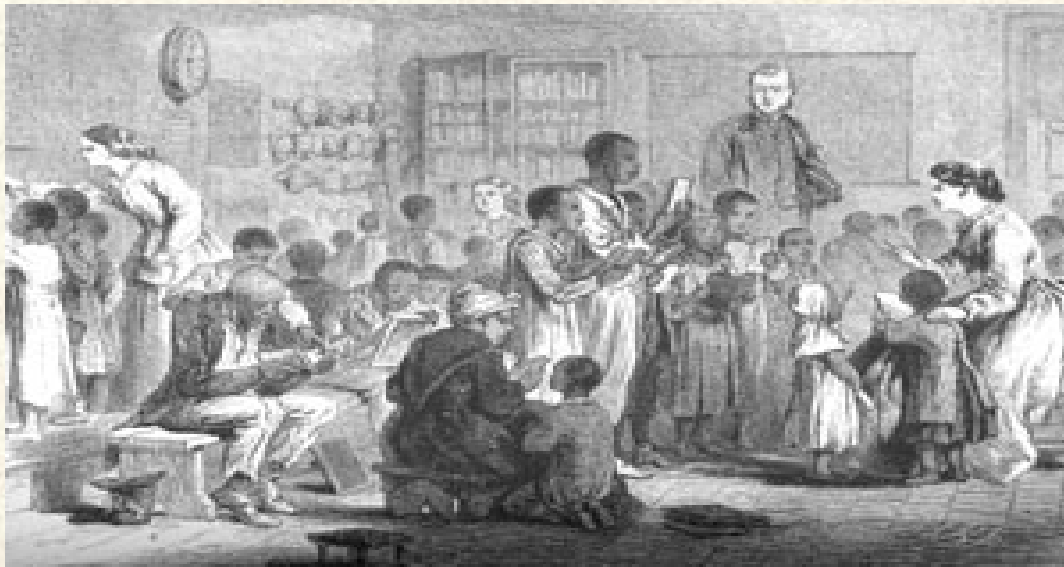


# Faces of Reconstruction in





**These pictures represent a typical classroom for a teacher. Many African Americans were eager to read and write. Education was valued highly in order to gain success in the real world. They were finally given the opportunity to do so.**



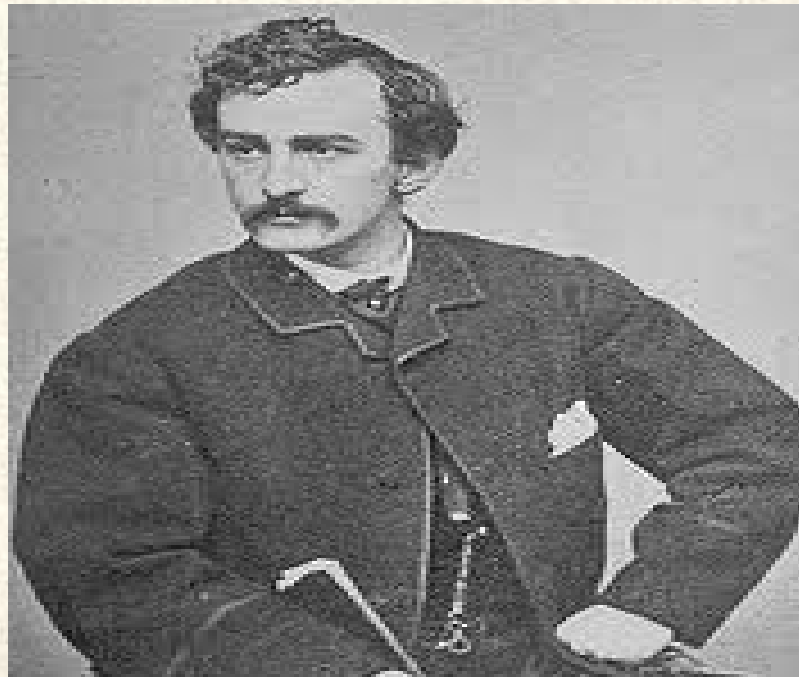




**With reconstruction, many people believed blacks shouldn't be guaranteed equal rights. It started the outrise of racial groups. This group was called the Ku Klux Klan.**



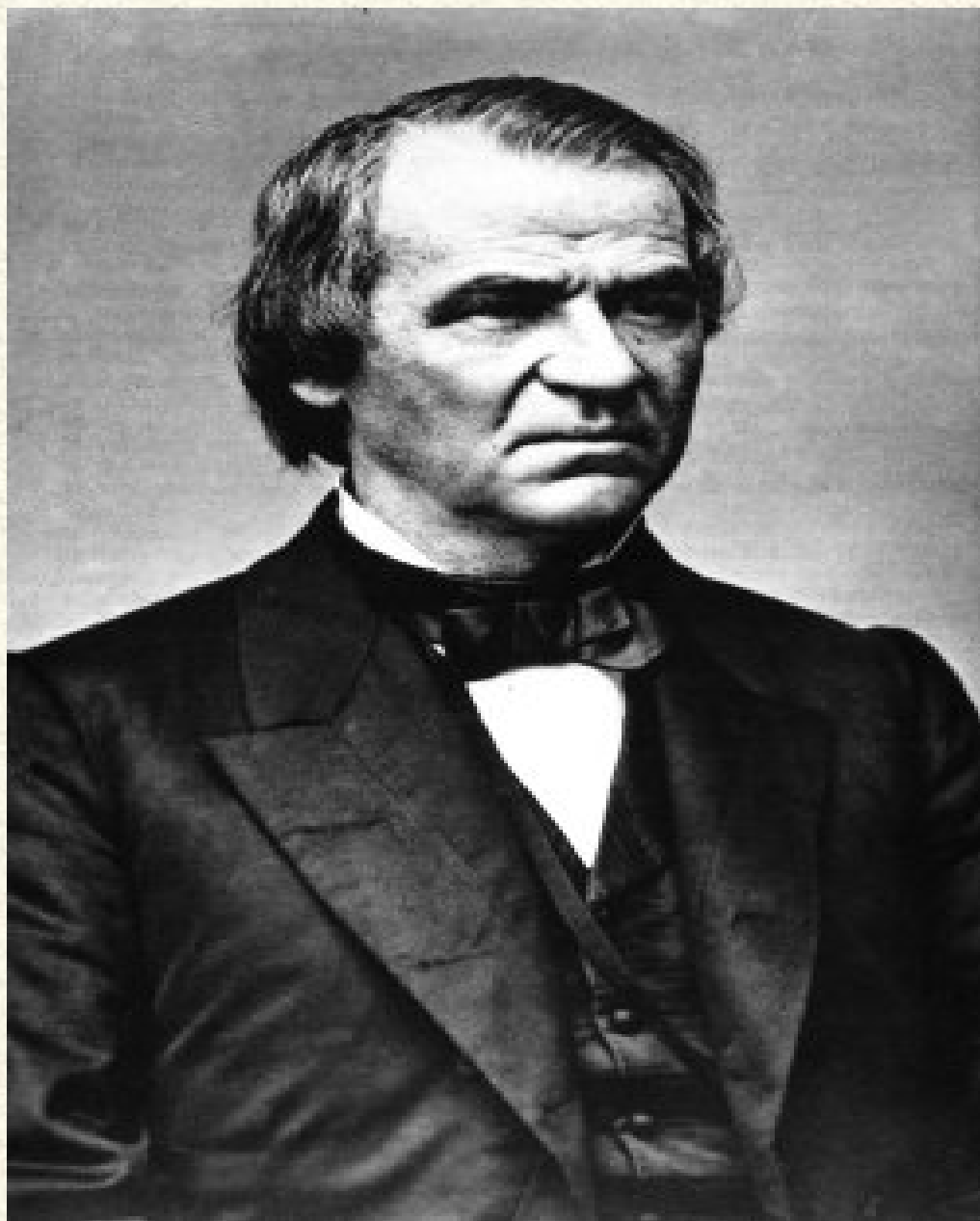




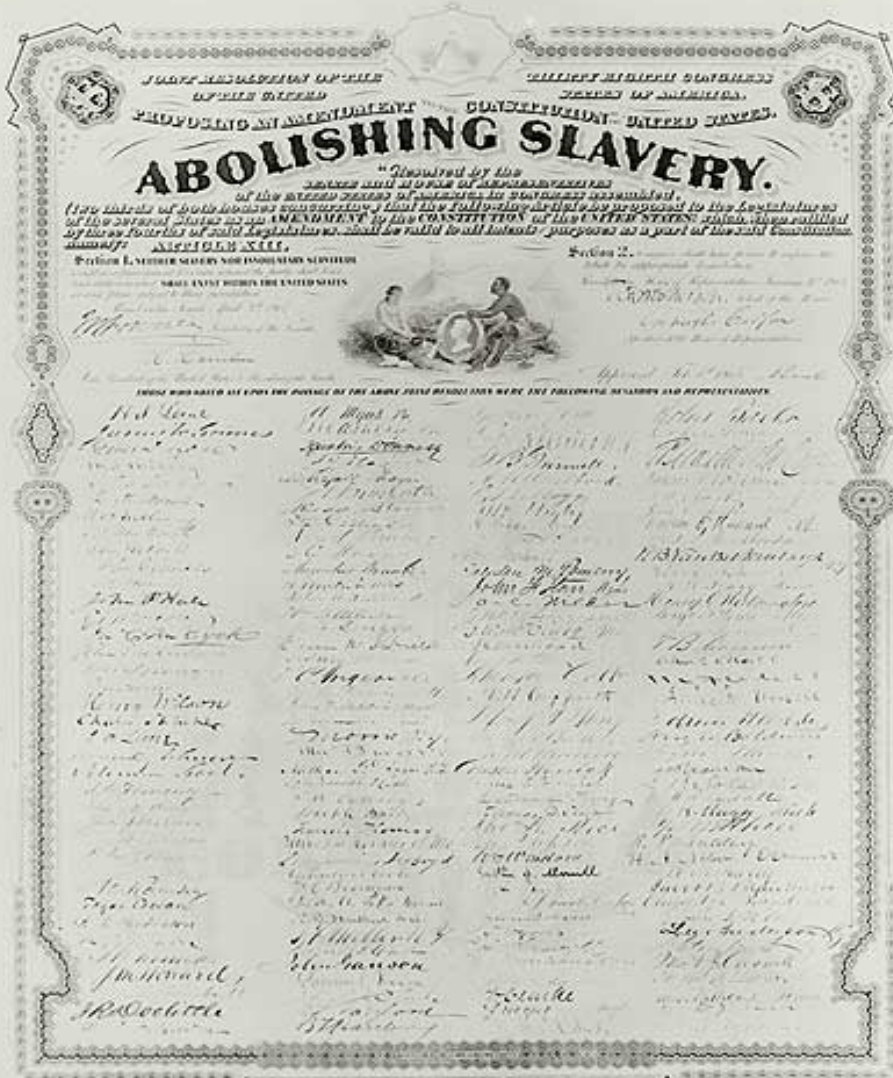
**Abraham Lincoln was assassinated by John Wilkes Booth as pictured on the bottom. He was watching a play in Ford's theatre alongside his wife. His plan was beginning to take its course for the reconstruction of the United States. One of the most highly regarded president's of the United States until this day. He played a major role in shaping the United States.**







**Andrew Johnson was Lincoln's successor who replaced him after his assassination. He intended to carry out Lincoln's plan, but believed the South should be punished for its wrong doings in the Civil War.**



Lincoln's goals for human equality for all, fell under the 13th Amendment. It guaranteed that slavery had finally been abolished once and for all, except for a crime. It gave blacks the opportunity for succeeding in life.





**Under this new system of sharecropping , African Americans rented individual areas of land without any forced servitude. Landowners would allow them to use the land but they would be receiving a percentage of the crop produced on the land.**







These pictures represent what the war did to the economy of the South after the war. Their way of living had been destroyed. Many casualties affected this area as well. They were seeking help from the North to get back on the right track.









This picture on top represents propaganda used about the Freedman's Bureau. The bottom picture shows a bureau agent separating southern whites and free blacks. It gave all individuals the same constitutional rights. The government was to provide aid to help freedmen and their families.





**General Sherman played a key role in helping free African Americans. He inflicted serious punishment on the ailing South. He redistributed 400,000 acres to 40,000 free African Americans in South Carolina.**

